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No. 838.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, *April* 29, 1771.

To the FREE ELECTORS *of the* MASSACHUSETTS-BAY. *vid. pa. 461.*

Friends and Brethren in one common Cause,

BEING at Cambridge in the beginning of this last session of the General Court, I was told, by persons who own themselves enemies to our Charter, that the Representatives had now come together with a spirit and sentiments the reverse of what they discovered in former sessions. Upon a second visit, the same persons acknowledged they had formed a wrong conjecture, but assured me they had absolute certainty that the *next* House would be quite *another thing*; and that they could tell me *many* new names that would appear in it. Tho' I concluded their *certainty* was *belief*, and that belief only the spawn of their *wishes*; yet I cannot refrain from offering a few hints, to show the propriety or rather necessity of your making but a *trifling* alteration at your next election, and *that* directly contrary to the above wishes.

It is owing intirely to the choice *you* have made of Representatives, for several late assemblies, that our charter is not in effect annihilated. Your right to vote in that choice is the only power which you hold as individuals, by our constitution, to preserve the glorious character of freemen: for this power intitles you to say that you live under *a government which cannot injure you but by your own consent*. A vast majority of you have discovered that you know the *true value* of your right to vote. But however laudable your *past* conduct has been, it may be fairly called *common* and *natural*. I mean, you have been attentive and prudent in a time of *open* danger. The period is now arrived when you are to discover that sagacity which can counteract a *mine*, as well as erect a defence against a down-right *battery*.

Instead of BERNARD that perjured lying Traitor to your charter-rights, you have at the head of the province HUTCHINSON; a gentleman, as the most distant of you may find *by a single glance at the gazettes*, born and educated among us, of inflexible integrity and distinguished abilities; who declares a regard to the interest of religion, and a veneration for the Church of England; who is sensible of the great utility of commerce, retaining an affection for merchants, &c. glorious exchange! attended, however, like all other earthly good, with an alloy of evil. Your ENEMIES hope that, in your intoxication of joy, you will be off your guard, and let *them* dictate the next list of Representatives. Now, my worthy Fellow electors, unless you feel such full confidence in the *inflexible* integrity, &c. of our present Governor, as makes you judge a future House of Assembly intirely needless, I venture to say, you had best reserve to *yourselves* the nomination of the representative body. The King indeed has given us a new Governor, but have his *Ministers* also changed their *Measures*? You have shewn from year to year, by the men you have sent to court, that you rightly judged those measures *pregnant with slavery*. Were they so in themselves, or only as managed with diabolical industry by Francis Bernard? Will they be harmless when presented to you by the hands of a gentleman of sense and integrity?

If you had the Baronet and the old measures to encounter, you would indubitably re-elect the very men who have hitherto rendered all his schemes abortive. If you have, under another name, the *same* character and the *same* measures to engage, COMMON SENSE dictates your making the *same* choice. If you have an *opposite* character, and *opposite* measures to deal with, you have a fresh motive to make the *same* choice as before. Your former motive, the love of liberty, will stand good; but you are also called upon by a RESPECT to the *new* character & *new* measures, to re-elect THOSE who have proved themselves skilful, bold and steady in *oppugnation* to the *old*; for such only will naturally & fully *coalesce* with the *new*. Once more, if you have a *new* character appointed to execute the *old* measures, you are most loudly called upon not only by the history of every free people, by your regard to your own happiness and that of your dear offspring; but by the very integrity, learning, and whole compound excellency of the present Governor, to chuse *Veterans* in the cause of liberty; a cause which has invariably suffered more from the skilful statesman than the threatning soldier: indeed the last has ever been only a tool to the first.

I have done with *1st*. You all know what measures *BERNARD* strove to enforce, and in what manner. You know he treated the Council and *your* Representatives as *enemies* to government, for denying the right of the British parliament to give you slavery for freedom; You know he counted the Lieutenant among the *Friends* to government. Now, unless he meant a different thing by government when treating of its friends, from what he did when treating of its enemies, you must be swayed, by his opinion at least, to judge the then-lieutenant but now-commander in chief, a friend to that right, which the british parliament claims over these colonies — a right utterly subversive of the charter of this province. In such a case, what wou'd you have to do with his million shining qualities, but to dread and guard against their united strength and efforts. To this end you wou'd utterly discard those *few* men of your past choice in whom you discover a disposition to be *negligent* of your cause, or to be *bribed* from duty by a title or office.

One incautious election may be productive of such evil to you as a thousand wise and virtuous assemblies hereafter cannot possibly remedy; a negative always laying over them.

May your unanimity be such that joyful posterity, through whole centuries, shall bless the free electors of this year. In hopes of which,

I subscribe, (1) AN ELECTOR IN 1771.

From the ESSEX GAZETTE.

Mr. HALL,

SOME *of your readers observing the difference between a late answer to an address of the ministers of the Church of England and that to the associated pastors of Boston, have imagined that his Excellency was more favourably inclined to the former than to the latter; which seems to imply a change of his former principles. But if the matter be examined more narrowly, it will appear to be an instance of his superior wisdom and discernment, worthy to be recorded to his honor, and for the information of the Clergy on a like occasion, if ever such an one should happen.*

His Excellency wisely knew that the Church of England, in the very nature of its constitution, cannot live without the favour of the civil powers; therefore for the ministers of that communion to implore his protection, as supreme magistrate, was in character, and it was his duty to promise it to them. But for ministers of churches formed upon "an evangelical plan," under the sole headship of the Lord Jesus Christ, to seek the "patronage" of an earthly ruler, was as great a satire upon themselves as can be imagined, especially if they did it in imitation of the Episcopal Clergy, and with expectation of the like promises which they obtained.— His Excellency knew it was their duty to profess "loyalty to the King and respect to his Representative;" this he kindly accepted, but omitted taking any particular notice of that part of their address wherein they seem to claim his patronage, because he belongs to their communion. This omission is a very delicate, and yet just and kind rebuke; it serves to teach them that churches formed upon an "evangelical plan" have no need of favor & the patronage of rulers, and can subsist independent of them, as in fact they have for many ages, yea when the most virulent opposition has been made against them by the powers of the earth, & therefore that these gentlemen went a step beyond their duty when they asserted this claim. (b)

In this light his Excellency is so far from appearing to be inclined to the Church of England, that he has shewn a firm adherence to the principles of true primitive Christianity, and has taught the associated pastors to be less desirous of the smiles of Princes, to confine their attention more to the affairs of that kingdom which is not of this world, and to seek their reward in the world to come. (c)

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

I Presume the Clergy of every Denomination have a Right to vote in the Choice of Representatives: They have some *civil* Interests in common with other men: but that Consideration is not what leads me to recommend to them the Exercise of their Right at the coming Election, tho' perhaps they had never a greater Call even on that Account. The Dissenting Clergy among us are looked upon, by Writers in Old England, as great Obstructions in the Way of Ministerial Plans to enslave us: Mandates therefore injurious to them, from British Ministers, to some in Power here peculiarly devoted to their Lordships Directions, would not at all surprize me. But it is a Domestic Matter of a *religious* Nature that put me upon addressing this Hint of Election to them. They have been spoken of with much Virulence, by some galled Tools of Tyrannical Power, for treating of, or rather lamenting *Murder* (a) in their Prayers and Sermons, when it has been committed in our public Streets. Such Lamentation is said to be a Thing out of *their* Line. What is this but an Attempt to rob them of the Use of the *Sixth* Commandment? And if that can be accomplished, I doubt not, they will soon find themselves stripped of the Use of the whole *Ten*, if not of the whole *Bible*. I therefore recommend it highly to them to endeavour, to their utmost Power, to have such Representatives chosen, who will take the best Care of the *religious* as well as *civil* Rights of this People.

A LAYMAN.

John Griffith, (1)

IS now ready to attend on such young Misses as may be put under his Care, to teach them Spelling, Writing, and Arithmetic, at his School in Hanover-Street, a little below the Orange-Tree.

By master James Lovell

SUTTONIAN INOCULATION.

MR. LATHAM, surgeon to the king's (or 8th) regiment of foot, acquaints the Inhabitants of this province, also those of New-England, that he has open'd convenient houses for the reception of patients, who chuse to be inoculated after the Suttonian system, where the greatest attention will be observed, and every thing necessary provided.

Mr. Latham likewise informs the public, that he is the only person who can inoculate after this approved, easy, and successful method, in any part of America north of Philadelphia; while Doctor Shuttleworth (brother-in-law to Mr. Sutton) is the only person that can inoculate, or can cause to be inoculated in the same method, south of Philadelphia. As the New-England people suffer so severely by the natural small pox, Mr. Latham assures them, that he will wait upon any sufficient number assembled together to be inoculated; and as his desires is to be of as much service to mankind as he possibly can, he will do every thing in his power to bring the Suttonian system to as great utility & practice in America, as it is now in England, Scotland, and Ireland; where Mr. Sutton has several partners in each country.

Mr. Latham has inoculated in Canada, lately, three hundred persons, belonging to Massachusett's Bay and Connecticut governments, who were never confin'd from doing their usual occupations. For further particulars application to be made to Mr. Latham, at his house in Broad-street. *New-York, February* 16, 1771.

P. S. The 23d of March Mr. Latham received a letter from Dr. Shuttleworth, acquainting him that Mr. John Smith, senior, is Mr. Sutton's partner for inoculation in Virginia.

Mrs. *Oliver*, Begs Leave to inform the Public, That she has opened a School for young Ladies, at her House the North Side of the Mill Bridge, where she teaches all Kinds of Needle Work, as Coats of Arms, Tenth Stitch, Embroidery, &c. in the genteelest Manner.

TO BE SOLD,

A FARM lying in Brookfield, within a Mile and a Half of the Rev. Mr. Forbes Meeting House, containing 40 Acres, well accommodated with Mowing Land, Tilling, Pasturage and Orcharding; as also, a Dwelling-House and Barn, with a Well of Water. The Whole or Part will be Sold, as shall best suit the Purchaser. For further Particulars, inquire of John Lamb living near said Farm.

(1) vid. Charter pa. 1077. vol. 2. v Gov.r Barnard — vid. the Addresses & answers pa. 426. § For proof see Gov.r Barnards Speeches, in Index to Vol. 1, & 2. & a pretty Irony. — Lieu.t Gov.r Hutchinson * vid. pa. 842. vol. 2.
(a) vid. claim pa. 792. vol. 1. (b) vid. pa. 426. (c) a good Irony. (e) The murders by 4e Soldiers, & Richardson.

BOSTON April 29. 1771.

The House of Representatives in the late session of the General Assembly, having on the second Day come to a Resolution not to Address the Governor on his Appointment to the Chair, proceeded to consider his Excellency's Speech to both Houses at the Opening of the Session: And a Committee for that Purpose reported the following Answer, which was agreed to by the House, and sent up by Mr. *Hancock*, Mr. *Samuel Adams*, Mr. *Ingersol* of *Great-Barrington*, Capt. *Brown*, and Capt. *Darby*, viz.

May it please your Excellency,

THE House of Representatives have given all due Attention to your Speech to both Houses at the Opening of this Session.

The violent Proceedings of the Spanish Governor of Buenos Ayres in dispossessing his Majesty's Subjects of their Settlement at Port Egmont, has raised the Indignation of all who have a just Concern for the Honor of the British Crown. Such an Act of Hostility, we conceive could not but be followed with the most spirited Resolution on the Part of the British Administration, to obtain a Satisfaction fully adequate to the Insult offered to his Majesty, and the Injuries his Subjects there have sustained. Your Excellency tells us that it is probable Satisfaction may have been made for this hostile Act of the Spaniards: If it is so, the public Tranquility of his Majesty's Dominions so far as it has been disturbed, by this unwarrantable Proceeding, is again restored; and therefore it seems to us reasonable to suppose, that the proposed Plan of Augmentation of Troops on the British Establishment is already receded from; which renders any Consideration upon that Subject on our Part unnecessary.

We owe our Gratitude to his Majesty for his repeated Assurances expressed to your Excellency by his Secretary of State, that the Security of his Dominions in America will be a principal Object of his most gracious Care and Attention. This Province has frequently in Times past expended much Blood and Treasure for the Enlargement as well as Support of those Dominions: And when our Natural and Constitutional Rights and Liberties, without which no Blessing can be secure to us, shall be fully restored and established upon a firm Foundation, as we shall then have the same Reasons and Motives therefor as heretofore, we shall not fail to continue those Exertions with the utmost Chearfulness, and to the Extent of our Ability.

As your Excellency has no particular interior Business of the Province to lay before us, it would have given us no Uneasiness, if an End had been put to the present Assembly, rather than to have been called to this Place: And we are unwilling to admit the Belief, that when the Season for calling a new assembly agreeable to the Charter shall arrive, your Excellency will continue an Indignity, and a Grievance so flagrant and so repeatedly reconfirmed by both Houses, as the deforcement of the General Assembly of its ancient and rightful Seat.

Your Excellency is pleased to acquaint us in form, that you have received his Majesty's Commission appointing you Captain-General and Commander in Chief in and over the Province. Your having had your Birth and Education in this Province, and sustained the highest Honors which your fellow-Subjects could bestow, cannot fail to be the strongest Motives with your Excellency to employ those Powers which you are now vested with, for his Majesty's real Service and the best Interest of this People. The Duties of the Governor and the Governed are reciprocal: And by our happy Constitution their Dependence is mutual: Nothing can more effectually produce and establish that Order and Tranquility in the Province, so often disturbed under the late unfortunate Administration? Nothing will tend more to conciliate the Affections of this People, and ensure to your Excellency those Aids which you will constantly stand in need of from their Representatives; than, as a wise and faithful Administrator to make use of the public Power with a View only to the public Welfare: And while your Excellency shall religiously regard the Constitution of this Province; while you shall maintain its fundamental Laws, so necessary to secure the public Tranquility, you may be assured, that his Majesty's faithful Commons of this Province will never be wanting in their utmost Exertions to support you in all such Measures as shall be calculated for the public Good, and to render your Administration prosperous and happy.

On Thursday the 25th of April a Motion was made that a Message be sent up to his Excellency the Governor, to pray that he would be pleased to inform the House, Whether any Provision was made for his Support, as Governor of the Province, independent of his Majesty's Commons in it: And the Reasons for the Motion being explained, wherein the Danger to be apprehended from such an Independency, as it would destroy the Balance of Power and Influence, between the several Branches of the Legislative Body of the Province, and the just Grounds of Jealousy that it had actually taken Effect, were set forth; whereupon a Committee was appointed to consider the Motion; who the next Day reported the following Message, which was accepted in the House and sent up by Mr. *Samuel Adams*, Brigadier *Ruggles*, Mr. *Hearsey*, Col. *Bowers* and Mr. *Godfrey*, viz.

May it please your Excellency,

THE House of Representatives after Enquiry of the Secretary cannot be made certain whether you have yet given your Assent to two Bills which were laid before your Excellency early in this Session: The one for granting the Sum of Five Hundred and Six Pounds for your Services when Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief; and the other for granting the usual Sum of Thirteen Hundred Pounds to enable your Excellency, as Governor, to carry on the Affairs of this Province.

And as your Excellency was not pleas'd to give your Assent to another Bill pass'd in the last Session of this Assembly, for granting the Sum of Three Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds for your Services, when in the Chair, as Lieutenant-Governor, the House are apprehensive that you are under some Restraint; and they cannot account for it upon any other Principle, but your having Provision for your Support, in some new and unprecedented Manner. (2) If the Apprehensions of the House are not groundless, they are sollicitous to be made certain of it, before an End is put to the present Session; and think it their Duty to pray your Excellency to inform them, whether any Provision is made for your Support, as Governor of this Province, independent of his Majesty's Commons in it. (2)

The same Day, the House (having before passed a Bill for the better regulating the Militia of the Province) for the Encouragement of the young Gentlemen, Students of Harvard College, who appear to be ambitious of excelling in Military Skill, so necessary to be inculcated at this Time, agreed upon another Message to his Excellency the Captain General and Governor of the Province; and sent up the same by Mr. *Pickering*, Brigadier *Ruggles*, Capt. *Dix*, Dr. *Holten* and Major *Gallison*, viz.

May it please your Excellency,

THE House having a Disposition at all Times and on all Occasions to encourage every Art & Science tending to the well-being of this Province, take the Liberty to Address your Excellency & to desire you would be pleased to give Order that one Hundred of the Province Arms may be deposited in Cambridge for the Use of such Students of Harvard College as may be disposed to acquaint themselves with the Art Military, and to be under the Care of the Governors of said College during your Excellency's Pleasure.

His Excellency the Governor on the same Day was pleased to send down to the House the following Message by the Secretary, viz.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

I Could not, consistent with my Duty to the King, give my Assent to the Bill passed the last Session for granting Three Hundred and twenty-five Pounds for my Support. Before the Close of the present Session I shall assent to or reject the Bills which shall have passed the two Houses as it shall appear to me the same Duty requires of me.

You are sollicitous to be informed whether any Provision is made for my Support as Governor of the Province independent of his Majesty's Commons in it. By the Expression (a) His Majesty's Commons *I suppose you would be understood to intend the House of Representatives. I must observe to you that the King, Lords and Commons, our Supreme Legislature, have determined it to be expedient to enable his Majesty to make a certain and adequate Provision for the Support of the Civil Government in the Colonies as His Majesty shall judge necessary.* (b) (2)

I will not enter into a Dispute with you upon the Propriety of this Provision. It may not however be amiss to acquaint you that I have not received the full instructions and other Appendages to His Majesty's Commission which I have Reason to expect. When I shall receive them I will communicate such Part of them to the House of Representatives as I shall think for his Majesty's Service.

In the mean Time I am the only Sufferer by declining or delaying my Assent to any Bills for my Support, and I think your Constituents will not blame me for being willing to avoid burdening them with this Support by the Increase of the Tax upon their Polls and Estates whilst there is any Probability that it may have been provided for in another Way. (c)

Cambridge, 29th April, 1771. T. Hutchinson.

vid pa. 576

This Message is certainly not the less alarming, from the ambiguity with which it seems to be involv'd. His Excellency, if he had plead, might have been as open and explicit as the Governor of New-York was in a Message to "*His Majesty's Commons*" in that province; * who without troubling them to enquire of a matter which so essentially concern'd them and their constituents, immediately upon their making him a generous grant for his support, by a message acquainted them that he was otherwise provided for, and that he could not receive it—*Such was the conduct of a gentleman of honor*—His Excellency was unwilling to enter into a dispute with the House about the propriety of the King Lords and Commons having determin'd it to be expedient to enable his Majesty to make certain and adequate provision for the support of civil government in the colonies, &c. (b) Is it not then a thousand pities, that mention was made of the words "*our* supreme legislature" when the sentence might have been complete without them, unless it was to revive *disagreeable* ideas in the minds of multitudes in this and all the other colonies, who have never yet had sufficient reason to alter their sentiments upon a question of the greatest moment, viz. whether a free people can be bound by any laws either to raise monies or *appropriate* the same to any purpose without their consent: And it is probable that his Excellency himself would not chuse *publickly* to declare that he is of a different mind. The reader of the message, from the circumstance above mention'd, will form a judgment of his Excellency's *real* sentiments of the matter—It is no wonder that "his Majesty's Commons" in this province were sollicitous to be inform'd of the truth of this independency: The contrary must have been astonishing to their constituents; for we scruple not boldly to say, that a governor independent of the governed, not only for his place, but his support too, if he is not a despot already, has it in his power to make himself so when he pleases (c) It will not be sufficient to tell a sensible people, much less slyly and artfully to insinuate to them that they will be eas'd of "the burden of this support"; for who does not know that the salary which is to be paid to the governor, tho' it will not be drawn out of the publick treasury of this province, is every day draining out of the pockets of all the people, *without their consent*, and it may be, without the *knowledge* of some of them; there is not a gallon of molasses, of wine, of rum, not a pound of sugar, coffee or tea used in America, that does not leave a duty, paid into *another* treasury, over which "his Majesty's Commons" in America have *not the least controul*, and from whence *this* appropriation for the governors support is to be made.——It is not from a love of altercation that these things are here mention'd; not to raise groundless jealousies, much less rude clamors against the present administration; but in hopes, that when *ceremony, compliment* and *flattery* shall have had their course, and the *honey-moon* shall be over, the FREEHOLDERS of this province will advert to their danger—The danger from revenue acts of parliament operating in America, which already appears formidable in this instance of *independency*, at least in New-York if not also in this province.

It is earnestly to be wished that our fellow countrymen would shake off their slumber; that they would rouze from a lethargy which may otherwise soon prove *fatal*; that they would hearken, not to Noise and Tumult, but to the still calm voice of Reason; and that the effect of the most religious consideration may be the unbiassed choice of gentlemen to represent them in the General Assembly at this *very critical moment*, who will watch, not for the halting of any man, but solely for the public Welfare; and will tread under their feet, the temptations arising from considerations of honor or profit, from a love of virtue, of liberty and their country.

His Excellency after sending to the House his Message before-mentioned, on the same Day was pleased to Dissolve the Assembly, without giving Notice to them of his having passed his Assent to any of the Bills that had been laid before him.

IMPORTED in Captain SCOTT from LONDON, and to be Sold by

Oliver Smith,

At his Shop the third Door South of the Old-Brick Meeting-House in Cornhill, BOSTON;

A Compleat and Fresh Assortment of DRUGS and Medicines, Chemical and Galenical, with most Kinds of Groceries, Painters Colours, and Dye-stuff, viz. Finest Florence Sallad Oil in large Flasks, Cinnamon, Mace, Cloves & Nutmegs, choice Turkey Figs, Raisins, Currants, Prunes and Almonds, Pepper, Allspice, Race and Ground Ginger, Red Lead, White Lead, Spanish Brown, Verdigrease, Vermillion, Allum, Copperas, Madder, Ground Red Wood, Argall, Otter, &c. &c.

The following Patent Medicines Imported in Capt. DAVIES, are directly from the Original Wholesale Warehouse, kept by DICEY and ORELL in Bow Church-Yard, LONDON, are just come to Hand and Warranted Genuine, viz.

Turlington's Original Balsam of Life,
Bateman's Pectoral Drops,
Betton's True and Genuine British Oil,
Anderson's Scotch Pills,
Hooper's Female Pills,
Lockyer's Pills,
Godfrey's General Cordial,
Walker's Jesuits Drops,
Essence of Pepper Mint,
Golden Spirits of Scurvy Grass, and
Swifen's Electuary, being a certain safe Medicine for the speedy cure of the *Stone* and *Gravel*, and is taken without any particular Regimen or Confinement, and is now in Great Reputation in LONDON.

A few Cases Surgeons Pocket Instruments, and Instruments for extracting Teeth, made by the best workman in London, and warranted; Anodine Necklaces, for the easy breeding of Childrens Teeth, Court Plaister, best French Hungary, and finest Lavender Water, Daffy's Elixir Salutis, Stoughton's Elixir; With too many other Articles to be enumerated.—Those who favour him with their Custom may depend upon having the best Articles as cheap by the large or small Quantity as can be purchased in Boston, and upon being waited on AT ALL TIMES in the readiest and most grateful Manner.

Imported in the last Ships, and

to be Sold at the House of the late Mr. JOHN SMITH in Hanover-Street——An Assortment of Goods suitable for the Season.

William Gale,

Just arrived from LONDON, in the Ship Thomas, Captain William Davies,

Acquaints his Friends and Customers, That he has bro't with him, A large and handsome Assortment of

ENGLISH AND INDIA GOODS,

Which he purchased on the very best Terms, and will sell them very low for Cash, at the Shop lately improved by Captain William Fisher, in Cornhill, and just opposite the Post-Office, Boston.

£.500 Treasury Notes, of the Province of *Nova-Scotia*, bearing an Interest of Six *per Cent.* to be Sold. For Particulars, inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD,

A FARM pleasantly situated, on Jamaica-Plain, in the Town of Roxbury, and being a Quarter of a Mile distant from the New Meeting-House there, consisting of 40 Acres of Mowing, Tillage, Pasture and Orchard Land, and having thereon a genteel Dwelling-House, with four Rooms on a Floor, and a Barn, Cyder House, and other Out-Houses.

ALSO, TO BE SOLD,

Another FARM adjoining thereto, consisting of 30 Acres of Mowing, Tillage, Pasture and Orchard Land, having thereon a good Dwelling-House, with two Rooms on a Floor, and a Barn. Any Person inclining to purchase either of the said Farms, who may desire a greater Quantity of Land lying near the Premises, can be accommodated therewith. For further Recommendation, and other Particulars, apply to Edes and Gill.

(d) Especially the Molasses act pa. 9 — Tea act pa. 735. Vol. 1. — Billeting act pa. 274. (1) vid pa. 442 (2) vid pa. 576

V vid. pa. 423. ‖ vid. Speech pa. 441. & vid. pa. 311, & Kings Speech pa. 369. — vid. Charter pa. 1077. vol. 2. A vid. Remonstrances, &c. in y^e Index, to find them. y^e Gov^r Barnards (a) and a very proper Expression. vid. Burkes Speech pa. 370 — vid. also pa. 976, & 987. vol. 2. (b) vid. the Tea act, in the margin pa. 735. Vol. 1. (c) The people wont be gulled so! * vid. Message, pa. 385.

BOSTON, April 29.

We hear that Precepts are iſſued for calling a new Aſſembly to be conven'd at Cambridge.

It is ſtrongly conjectur'd by ſome that the reaſon why requiſition for the payment of the King's regular troops out of the province treaſury, has not been repeated theſe two years paſt, is becauſe it was thought the late Houſes of Repreſentatives were too tenacious of the *Liberty* as well as the *Property* of their conſtituents to grant their money for ſuch a purpoſe. Such a requiſition was made in Governor *Bernard's* adminiſtration, for a ſum exceeding *Eleven Thouſand Pounds* ſterling, and it is thought that another requiſition of the ſame kind and for a much larger ſum will be made, whenever the electors ſhall make choice of men who will be *pliable* enough to yield to ſo extraordinary a demand.—This conſideration alone is ſufficient to excite the greateſt caution in the ſeveral towns in this province, that they may not be *miſled* by artful and deſigning men, to the choice of Repreſentatives for the enſuing year, upon whoſe underſtanding, integrity and perſeverance they cannot certainly depend.

Monday laſt arrived here Capt. Davies in 7 Weeks from London, by whom we have Papers to the firſt of March, which contain nothing very material.

Mr. William Gale Merchant, came Paſſenger in Capt. Davies. We hear Capt. Bryant was to leave London for this Place the firſt Week in March; Capt. Hood the ſecond and Capt. Hall the third; Capt. Jenkins in a Nantucket Brig about the ſame Time.

A Maſt-Ship, was to ſail for Piſcataqua the Middle of April: In whom ſeveral Gentlemen were coming Paſſengers.

We hear there were three or four Veſſels to ſail from Briſtol for this Place, in the Month of March.

Monday laſt arrived here his Majeſty's Ship Fowey, from Virginia.

We hear that the Gibraltar Frigate, Sir Thomas Rich, Commander, which lately ſailed from this Port for Carolina was ſpoke with ſtanding away for Antigua, having loſt her Mainmaſt off the Capes of Virginia.

Laſt Wedneſday arrived the Schooner Sally, Himan Doane, Maſter, in 20 Days from Euſtatia. Capt. Doane ſailed from hence the 1ſt of February, bound for Newfoundland, and ſix Days after he left this Place, in Latt. 45: 30: Long. 53: 30: met with a Gale of Wind, which continued 5 Days, in which Gale he loſt his Fore-ſail and Jibb, and was almoſt ſaking with Ice, which obliged him to bear away, and after 37 Days Paſſage, he arrived at Euſtatia, having continual Gales of Wind moſt of the Paſſage. Capt. Doane contradicts the Report of his being in Company with the Beaver Man of War; and only ſays, there was a Report at Euſtatia the Day he ſail'd, which was the 3d Inſtant, that the Beaver had arrived at Antigua.

The Hope arm'd Schooner, which ſail'd from Halifax for Louiſbourg the 1ſt of February laſt, has not yet been heard of.

Wedneſday arrived here Capt. Laha in 8 Days from Halifax: In whom came two or three Parties of the 64th Regiment.—Capt. Freeman ſailed the Day before with Parties of the 65th.—The Day following, Parties of the 59th, were to leave Halifax, for this Place: All deſigned to recruit for their reſpective Regiments, in theſe Provinces. Capt. Freeman is ſince arrived.

By Capt. Laha we have the Melancholy Account of the loſs of the Granby Sloop, commanded by Mr. George Hay, a Mate belonging to his Majeſty's Ship Saliſbury, with two Midſhipmen, a pilot and twelve Seamen, who all periſhed. She had on board, ſome Stores and 9000 l. ſterling, for Halifax Navy-Yard.—From the Accounts of the Maſters of two Veſſels which were in Sight the Evening of the 8th Inſtant, when a Storm aroſe, it is ſuppoſed that ſhe ſtove to pieces on the Light-Houſe Rocks off Halifax: —Pieces of the Wreck were diſcovered the next Day, alſo a Hammock with the King's Mark, ſeveral Covers of Boxes and ſome Caſks directed for Lord William Campbell, drove aſhore at Proſpect Harbour. Seven dead Bodies had been found & buried.

The Spy ſays—*On board this Sloop were 4000 l. ſterl. (to defray the charges of the* Grand American Expedition) *which was loſt in the ocean, and 25 men who were all drowned.*——And further adds—*Theſe are the bleſſed effects of a* wiſe Engliſh *miniſtry! O ſhame!*

Wedneſday a Party of Soldiers arrived here from Halifax whoſe Buſineſs we hear is to recruit. Remember the 5th of March. (SPY.)

Upon ſeeing the Recruiting Parties from Halifax, many Perſons expreſſed their Doubts whether King George the II. ſent his Officers to Culloden upon the ſame Errand, within a ſhort Twelvemonth after the Height of the Rebellion there; and they concluded that either his preſent Majeſty thought the *better Sort* of People here would Inliſt, or elſe that he has not that full Idea of our Malignancy which ſir Francis endeavoured to inſpire. Some propoſed getting a few Affidavits in Regard to the Point in Doubt, but it was anſwered, that the only Magiſtrate before whom it would be proper to take them, was gone over Sea to viſit McQuirk.

Yeſterday Seſnnight Skipper Bowden of Marblehead ſpoke with Capt. White from London bound to this Port, on the Eaſtern Part of Brown's Bank, all well.

The laſt York Papers mentions, that there has been ſo great a Flight of Pidgeons there, that no leſs than 60,000 were ſold in one Day.

We hear the Rev. Dr. ELIOT preaches the Dudleian Lecture at Harvard-College on Wedneſday the eighth Day of May next.

On the 6th Inſtant Mr. Noah Norcroſs of Princetown was felling a Tree, which lodged upon another, and as he attempted to fell the latter, it ſuddenly ſplit, hove back and fell upon him, which inſtantly put an End to his Life—He was found next Morning with many Bruiſes and broken Bones, having his Ax ſtill in his Hand——His exemplary Piety and Benevolence, Sobriety and Compaſſion, endeared him to his Relations and Acquaintance, who tenderly feel and greatly lament their Loſs.

DIED, *Laſt Tueſday Night, greatly lamented, Captain Matthew Weſt, an honeſt, civil man, and a true friend to the liberties of his country.*

Laſt Saturday died here, very ſuddenly, of a bilious Diſorder, in the 36th Year of her Age, Mrs. MARY TAYLOR, *Conſort of Mr.* WILLIAM TAYLOR, *Merchant, and Daughter of Mr.* RUFUS GREENE.—*Her Remains are to be interr'd To-Morrow Afternoon, at 4 o'Clock.*

Worceſter, April 26, 1771.

LAST Wedneſday Morning came on here at the Superior Court the Tryal wherein Ebeneezer Cutler was Plaintiff, Meſſ. Robert Pierpont and Caleb Davis, Defendants. This Caſe has taken up much Time: The Attorneys Pleading, examining of the Evidences, continued untill Two o'Clock the next Day, when the Caſe was committed to the Jury, who after debating the Matter 18 Hours, came in not agreed. We underſtand there was ſome for giving Cutler Damages, and by far the Majority for giving none. (a) (b)

Received by Captain DAVIES, *who arrived here laſt Week from* London,

AND,

THIS DAY RE-PRINTED,

(*And Sold by* EDES & GILL *in Queen Street*;)

[Price Half a Piſtereen ſingle, or a Dollar per Dozen.]

INNOCENT BLOOD CRYING TO GOD FROM THE STREETS OF BOSTON.

A

SERMON

Occaſioned by the HORRID MURDER of Meſſieurs SAMUEL GRAY,—SAMUEL MAVERICK,—JAMES CALDWELL,—and—CRISPUS ATTUCKS,—with—PATRICK CARR, ſince dead, and—CHRISTOPHER MONK, judged irrecoverable—and ſeveral others badly wounded—by a Party of Troops under the Command of Captain [THOMAS] PRESTON: On the FIFTH OF MARCH, 1770, and preached the LORD's-DAY following,

BY

JOHN LATHROP, A. M.

Paſtor of the Second Church in BOSTON.

Curſed be their anger, for it was fierce; and their wrath, for it was cruel—Gen. xlix. 7.

The remainder of wrath ſhalt thou reſtrain—Pſ. lxvi. 10.

TO BE SOLD BY

Henry Prentiſs,

At his Shop on the South Side of Faneuil-Hall Market,

NEW Rice by the Caſk or leſs Quantity, Loaf Powder & Brown Sugars, Bohea Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, Alſpice, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Citron, Raiſins, Starch & and French Indigo, Bottle and Flaſk Oyl, Roll Brimſtone, Molaſſes, Brandy, Jamaica Spirits, Weſt-India and New-England Rum, a few Quarter Caſks of Madeira Wine cheap for Caſh

N. B. A few Joiners Tools to be Sold if apply'd for ſoon.

A few Bales of choice French Cotton, to be ſold by BARNABAS BINNEY, in Summer-Street, oppoſite the New South Meeting-Houſe.

TO BE SOLD

By Benjamin Church,

On THURSDAY next

At his uſual Place of Sale;

A Large Aſſortment of European GOODS, *viz.*

BRoad Cloths coarſe and fine, Tiverton Serges, Baizes, Plaids, Allopeens, Crapes, Iriſh Hollands, Checks, Callicoes, Handkerchiefs, plain and flower'd Gauzes, worſted, thread and cotton Hoſe, ſome Houſhold Furniture, as Tables, Leather-bottom Chairs, a neat Mehogany Beaureau, Wearing Apparel, Feather Beds and Bedſteads, Watches, &c. &c.

Sterling *Madeira* WINE,

In Half Pipes and Quarter-Caſk,

Enquire of SAM. A. OTIS,

Store No. 1, Butler's Row.

ALSO,

BAR-IRON and ANCHORS.

TO BE LETT,

A very convenient Brick Houſe,

ſituated in Church-Square, near the Town-Houſe, with many Accommodations, eſpecially a fine large Garden, containing a Variety of the beſt Fruit Trees and Grape Vines in the Province: For further Particulars, inquire of Edes and Gill. April 27, 1771.

Twenty Dollars Reward,

TO any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall diſcover and bring to Juſtice, the Thief or Thieves who broke open, on Tueſday Night laſt, a ſmall Tenement in Jolliffe's-Lane, *occupied as an Office by the Subſcriber, and took from thence out of a Cheſt and Deſk, a Leather Bag, containing Sixty Engliſh and about Twenty French Guineas, with ſome milled Piſtoles, an Oznenbrigs Bag with Ten Guineas and five half Guineas, and a Paper with ſundry Pieces of papered Gold, under Weight, five Pieces of red and white Furniture Chince, containing four Yards in each Piece, tied up in a Silk Handkerchief, a handſome Silver-hilted Sword open work ſhell'd, with a white Parchment Scabbard, and a new red Morocco Leather Belt, a ſmall Bundle, containing about two Dozen Womens French unglazed Mitts with work'd Backs and coloured Flaps, two new Bandanna Silk Handkerchiefs and one red and white ſpotted ditto.*

Boſton, April 24th, 1771. JOSEPH GOLDTHWAIT.

On WEDNESDAY Next,

At TEN in the Morning,

Will be Sold by Public Vendue, at the Auction-Room in Queen-Street,

A great Variety of Engliſh Goods, among which are

Callicoes, Iriſh Linnens, Brolios, Miſſinets, Napkin Diaper, Corded Dimothy, Black Sewing Silk, Checks, Bedticks, Linnens, Silk and Check Handkerchiefs, Black and Cloth colour'd Taffaties, Lawns, Gauze, &c. &c. ALSO, 30 Rheams of Damaged Writing Paper, for the Benefit of the Inſurers.

J. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

Wedneſday next——Ten o'Clock.

AUCTION-HALL, King-Street.

JOHN GERRISH, hereby notifies the Public, that Auction-Hall, in King-ſtreet, which has for ſome Time paſt been unimproved, by Reaſon of ſaid Gerriſh's Indiſpoſition, is again opened, where Buſineſs will be carried on with Diſpatch and Fidelity.

Attendance will be given at ſaid Hall, by a Perſon who may be depended upon, for punctual Payment, immediately after the Sales.

It is hoped ſaid Gerriſh's Friends and former Employers will renew their Favours. All other Perſons who may have Goods, new or old, of any Kind, or in any Quantity, great or ſmall, to diſpoſe off, may alſo depend upon being faithfully ſerved at ſaid Hall.

N. B. Good STORES and CELLARS to accommodate Cuſtomers.

Notice is hereby given to the Proprietors of Lands in the Pemaquid, or Briſtol Company at and near Briſtol in the County of Lincoln, who are delinquent in paying their Proportion of the Charges, that have neceſſarily ariſen on ſaid Lands; that unleſs they pay the ſame to James Noble Eſq; Treaſurer of the Propriety, before the Thirteenth Day of June next; ſo much of their Land will be ſold according to Law, at a public Vendue on the aforeſaid Day, at the Britiſh Coffee-Houſe in Boſton, as ſhall be ſufficient to diſcharge their reſpective Parts of the aforeſaid Charges, and the Charges of the Sale.——The Sale to begin at 11 o'Clock Beforenoon, and to be continued as Occaſion ſhall require.

Seth Sweetſer,
Boſton, April 29, 1771, Stephen Minot, John Savage. } Pro Committe

IMPORTED in the laſt Ship, from LONDON, Capt. Davies, and to be Sold by

Lydia Dyar,

Near the Salutation, North-End,

A freſh Aſſortment of Garden Seeds,

among which are

EARLY charlton, early golden hotſpur, Ormand hotſpur Spaniſh, moratto, white rouncival, dwarf marrowfat and buſh Peas, large Winſor, true early Liſbon, early yellow ſix weeks white kidney and fine Toker Beans, early Yorkſhire, Dutch ſugar loaf, battereſea, ſavoy, red, and brocoli Cabbage ſeed, Colliflower, Cucumber, Onion, Carrot, Turnip, Raddiſh & Lettice of all ſorts, round Spinage, Endive, Cellery, and Aſparagus, Thyme, Baum, Sweet-marjoram, broad Clover, white Dutch Clover, Saint-foin, LaLucern, Rape, Canary, and an Aſſortment of Flower Seeds, and Herds-Graſs Seed; Alſo a Variety of other Seeds not mentioned; all which were imported from the Seedſmen in LONDON, and are warranted to be freſh and good, and of the laſt Year's Produce.

On *Tueſday* Evening next,

Will be ſold by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Auction-Room, Foot of Royal-Exchange Lane, over Mr. THOMAS WALLEY's Store.

A large and valuable Aſſortment of GOODS, viz.

BEngals, Black Velvet, Callicoes, flower'd, plain and ſtriped Lawns, Iriſh and Scotch Linens, Dowlaſſes, Checks, ſtriped Hollands, Bedticks, Broad Cloths, Camblets, Plaids, Breeches Patterns, worſted Shags, Men and Womens Hoſe, ſilk and linen Handkerchiefs, white Threads, Sewing Silks, Writing Paper, Metal Buttons, Table Knives, Oznabrigs, Blankets, Feather Beds, Tables, Chairs, a genteel 8-Day Clock with a Mehogany Caſe, Wearing Apparel, &c.

W. HUNTER, Auctioneer.

N. B. At ſaid Vendue Room will be Sold by private Sale, fine Lawns, Cambricks, Silk Gauze, and a few warranted Watches—6 Pieces black Taffaty.

This, and To-Morrow Evening,

Will be Sold by Publick Vendue, at the Auction-Room North Side of the Market.

A great Variety of Engliſh GOODS

Iriſh Linnens, a Variety of Cotton and Linnen Checks, Callicoes, printed Linnens, Damaſcus, Table Cloths, flower'd, ſtriped and plain Lawns, ſilk, cotton and linen Handkerchiefs, Stockings, Counterpanes, ſtriped Hollands, Long Lawns, Broad Cloths, Forreſt Cloths, Plains Blankets, Oznabrigs, Feather Beds, &c.

This and To morrow Evening.

A. Bowman, Auctioneer.

N. B. At ſaid Auction Room may be had by private Sale, an excellent 8-Day Clock of a very handſome Make, having a Table of the Moon & Tide in her Front

(No Entries receiv'd at Publication.)

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, ſince our laſt, Nine Whites. One Black.

Baptiz'd in the ſeveral Churches, Five.

High Water at BOSTON *for this preſent Week.*

Monday, 52 min. after 11 — Friday, 6 m. aft. 4
Tueſday, 36 min. after 12 — Saturday, 36 m. af. 3
Wedneſday, 28 m. aft. 1 — Lord's Day 28 m. af. 4
Thurſday, 16 min. af. 2 — Firſt Qr. 22 D. 2 Mor.

(6) vid pa. 564

v vid. pa. 582. ‖ The Day the Maſſacre was, ſee the Narrative pa. 659. ∧ Gov. Bernard. † Juſtice Gillam alias Murray. ‡ vid. his Letters ſpa 463 & pa 831. Vol. 2. (a) vid. the whole affair pa. 159.

GILBERT DEBLOIS notifies his Cuſtomers, That he has a Large and General Aſſortment of Spring Goods, (with all other Sorts) now open'd, which he will ſell at the loweſt Advance for ready Money. ☞ All poſſible Encouragement will be given to wholeſale Cuſtomers.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,
(And to be Sold by the Printers hereof;)

AN ORATION

Delivered April 2d, 1771, at the Requeſt of the Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton, to COMMEMORATE the BLOODY TRAGEDY of the 5th of March, 1770.
By JAMES LOVELL, A. M.

Omnes homines naturâ *Libertati* ſtudent, et CONDITIONEM *Servitutis* oderunt. Cæs.
: — Nunc ea petit, quæ dare nullo modo poſſumus, niſi, prius volumus nos bello victos confiteri. Cici

---

Imported in the Lydia Capt. Scott from London and to be Sold at the Loweſt Rate for Caſh by

John Head

At his Store South Side Town-Dock, juſt below the Swing-Bridge, No. 5.

Pepper by the Bag, Hundred or Dozen, ſingle refin'd Engliſh Loaf Sugar, Cinnamon, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs by large or ſmall Quantities, a pretty aſſortment of Cream Colour'd Ware, a few ſmall Cheſhire Cheeſes, Writing Paper per the Rheam, Burnt China Bowls, Cups and Saucers. ALSO,

Cotton Wool by the Bag, New Rice, Philadelphia Flour, Brown Sugar per the Hogſhead or leſs, Jamaica Spirit, Weſt-India and New-England Rum, Brandy, Madeira and Malaga Wine, Green Coffee, Cocoa, Chocolate, Allſpice, Ginger, Bohea Tea by the Cheſt, Hundred or Dozen.——A Quantity of Ship Bread and Curnell.

A ſtrong Sloop of about 30 Tons,

lying at Mr. Harris's Wharff, North End, to be ſold very cheap: Inquire of Mr. John Harris.

TO BE SOLD,

A good Schooner, about 40 Tons

Burthen, almoſt new, now laying at the upper End of the Long-Wharff. Enquire of John Homer, at his Store No. 2, on the Long-Wharff.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Mr. *Nathaniel Loring*, deceaſed, are ONCE MORE deſired to pay what they owe immediately to *Benjamin Dolbeare*, Adminiſtrator thereon, as they would avoid being ſued to July Court next. And all Perſons that have any Demands on ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in without any further Delay, as they would avoid being excluded.

To be Sold very reaſonably by ſaid Adminiſtrator, the following Articles, viz.

Looking-Glaſſes, Beds and Bedſteads, a very good Roaſt-meat Jack, a large Marble Table, an Eaſy Chair, a Barometer and Thermometer, two ſecond-hand one Horſe Chaiſes, and one two-Horſe ditto, a Pair of one Horſe Trucks, Sheets and Blankets, Pillow-Biers, Table Cloths and Napkins, Mens and Womens Wearing Apparel, a Cheſt of Draws and Table, a Tea-Table and other Tables, two Silver Watches, a pull-up Clock, a parcel of Drawing Knives made in Town, a Quantity of Chalk, Cart-Boxes, Iron Pots and Kettles, Chair Boxes, a ſmall Anchor of 54wt. a Parcel of Nail-makers Tools, a Parcel of Cordage, dead-eyes with Chains, Blocks, Claſps for Maſts, Log-Chains, glazed Saſhes for Shops, &c. &c. half-hundred, quarter, 14 & 7 pound Weights, an Iron Funnell for a Stow, a Caſe of Bottles, a Pair of Hand-ſcrews, a Hogſhead ditto, a Saddle and Bridle, a new Chair-body and Carriage, Iron-bound Pipes and Tierces, Iron Window Weights, about 40 Cyder Barrels, Vinegar by the Barrel, a valuable Collection of Books, a ſtrong healthy Negro Man about 30 Years of Age, that underſtands Huſbandry Buſineſs very well.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD

IS offered to any Perſon that will diſcover, apprehend and ſecure in any of his Majeſty's Goals, John McBride, (alias Edward Green) William Davis, and James Todd, who under a pretence of making ſaid Todd a Free Maſon, perſuaded us the Subſcribers, to leave our Houſe, as they ſaid that they could not carry on their Myſterious Operations if any Perſons but themſelves were under the Roof, taking advantage of our Abſence, they broke open Cheſts, and took Money, &c. and abſconded immediately.——McBride is a Taylor, well made, of a middling ſize, walks upright, has black Hair, and a guilty down look, with a large Scar under his Right Cheek, it is impoſſible to tell what Cloaths he has on, as he carried off divers Garments from different People.——Davis is a Shoe-Maker, of a ſmall ſize, light Complexion, and though he is young, has grey Hair.—Todd is a Sailor, the ſize of McBride, wears a light colour'd Thickſet Coat, and a Pig-Tail Wig.——McBride is a Scotchman, and the other two are Iriſhmen.——They were ſeen at the ſign of the Lamb Tavern, South-End of Boſton, and talk'd of going to New-York and Philadelphia. The above Reward will be paid by us the Subſcribers.

Woolwich, (Kennebeck River) April 12th, 1771. — Joſeph Mains, Samuel Mains.

TO BE LETT,

A Convenient and Handſome Brick

Tenement fronting on Beer Lane and Back-Street, being the Corner-Houſe, and near the Baptiſt (the Rev. Mr. Stillman's) Meeting-Houſe. Enquire of the Printers.

John Adams,

NOTIFIES the Removal of his Office to a Room in Queen-Street, in the Houſe of Mr. John Gill, within a few Steps of the New Court-Houſe, but on the oppoſite Side of the Street.

A Dwelling-Houſe to be Sold,

PLeaſantly ſituated in Cambridge-Street, a little above the Orange-Tree, in compleat Repair, having three Rooms on a Floor, an elegant Court-Yard, and Kitchen Yard, an excellent Well of Water, a large Garden, with a very great Variety of the beſt Engliſh Fruit Trees, and other Accommodations, too many to be enumerated in an Advertiſement.—Enquire of Edes and Gill.

A genteel new Chaiſe, with Harneſs compleat, to be ſold very cheap for Caſh, or Engliſh Goods, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer.
Inquire of Edes and Gill.

THE Eſtate of George Jefferds, late of Boſton, Sugar-Boiler, deceas'd, being repreſented Inſolvent, and ſix Months being allowed the Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts; the Commiſſioners appointed by the honorable Foſter Hutchinſon, Eſq; Judge of Probate for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine ſaid Claims—GIVE NOTICE, That they ſhall attend ſaid Service at the Britiſh Coffee-Houſe in Boſton, on the Firſt Tueſday in May next, and the five following Months, from Six to Nine o'Clock, P. M.
Boſton, April 22, 1771.

TO BE SOLD,

A Schooner about Seventy Tons Burthen, now lying at Mr. Samuel Harris, the Cooper's Wharff, North-End, with all her Appurtenances—Inventory may be ſeen at the Houſe of ſaid Harris, on ſaid Wharff.

ALSO,

To be ſold by GILES HARRIS, a Houſe in Fiſh-Street, near John Hancock, Eſq's Wharff, very convenient for a Family. For further Particulars, inquire of ſaid Giles Harris, near Dr. Eliot's Meeting-Houſe.

Peter Curtis

Begs Leave to acquaint the Gentlemen and Ladies,

That he propoſes to open a Dancing-School on Thurſday the 25th Inſtant, at the former School in Queen-Street, oppoſite William Vaſſel, Eſq; Where he will teach Dancing in a moſt polite Manner. Thoſe who ſend their Children may depend that Care will be taken of their Education, and that good Order will be obſerved. The Days propoſed for public School are Mondays and Thurſdays.

✝*✝ Said CURTIS was educated in Paris, and has taught Dancing in ſeveral Towns in this Province: As he is now teaching the French Language at Cambridge, any Perſons that are diſpoſed to employ him, are deſired to leave a Line with Capt. Gore, at the Painter's Arms.

WHEREAS the proprietors of a tract of land (granted to the four Houſatonack townſhips) called The Eleven Thouſand Acres, or Additional Land in the county of Berkſhire, at a legal meeting of ſaid proprietors, on the 21ſt day of December 1768, Voted a tax of *ſeven ſhillings and three pence* on each right in ſaid lands, to defrey the charge of lotting out the ſame. And as a number of ſaid proprietors are delinquent in paying ſaid tax, the following rights or lots in ſaid land are delinquent, viz. Thoſe drawn to the proprietors of No. One, or Tyringham, are No. 63, 30, 23, 3, 1, 19, 2, 10, 52, 3, 32, 38, 39.

No. Two, or New-Marlborough, are, No. 7, 12, 16, 13, 10, 12, 11, 5, 26.

No. Three, or Sandiſield, are, No. 6, 38, 39, 13, 11, 9, 60, 11, 56, 51, 4, 17, 4, 2, 16, 11, 2.

No. Four, or Becket, are, No. 4, 26, 68, 10, 9, 5, 16, 16, 1, 16, 17, 17, 6, 17, 2, 43, 7, 13, 7, 35, 5, 8, 27, 2, 14, 14, 69, 36, 72, 15, 23.

Alſo at ſaid meeting held by adjournment on the 19th of December 1769, Voted a tax of *three ſhillings* on each right in ſaid lands, for laying out and making highways through the ſame; which tax the proprietors are each and all delinquent of paying.—Theſe are therefore to notify the proprietors of the aboveſaid lands, them, their heirs or aſſigns, that their delinquent rights in ſaid lands, or ſo much as to pay the aboveſaid tax or taxes, with coſt of poſting, will be ſold at a public vendue (as the law directs) at the houſe of John Chadwick, Eſq; innholder in ſaid Tyringham, on Tueſday the 25th day of June next, at Ten o'Clock in the forenoon, and ſo by adjournment, if need be, from day to day, until the whole be ſold, unleſs ſaid taxes, with the charges, be paid to John Chadwick, Eſq; treaſurer and collector to ſaid proprietors, before ſaid day of ſale.

Tyringham, April 8, 1771. — John Chadwick, Jacob Brown, Giles Jackſon. } Committe for Sale of Delinquent Proprietors Lands.

WILLIAM BILLINGS

TAKES this Method to inform the Public, that his Compoſition of Church-Muſick intitled, The NEW ENGLAND PSALM SINGER, is publiſhed, and to be had at Edes and Gill's Printing-Office in Queen Street; at Deacon Elliot's under Liberty-Tree; at Mr. Joſiah Flagg's in Fiſh-Street; and at Mr. Gillam Baſs's, near the Flat Conduit—where Subſcribers and other Purchaſers may apply for Books.——Thoſe Perſons that have Subſcription Papers in their Hands, are deſired to leave them at Edes and Gill's Office; and in ſo doing, they will oblige their humble Servant,

WILLIAM BILLINGS.

P. S. Any Gentlemen Subſcribers, or others that incline to purchaſe, who reſide in the County of Plymouth, may be ſupply'd by applying to Capt. Joſeph Cuſhing in Hanover, near North-River Bridge.

☞ All Perſons indebted for this Paper, whoſe Accounts have been above Twelve Months ſtanding, are requeſted to make immediate Payment.

A Philadelphia STOVE, to be Sold. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

HIS Majeſty's Poſt-Maſter General, having (for the better facilitating of Correſpondence between Great Britain and America) been pleaſed to add a fifth Packet-Boat to the Station between Falmouth and New-York; Notice is hereby given, That the Mail for the future, will be cloſed at the Poſt-Office in New-York, at Twelve of the Clock at Night, on the firſt Tueſday in every Month, and diſpatched by a Packet the next Day for Falmouth.

By Command of the D. Poſt-Maſter General,
ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secry.
General Poſt-Office, New-York, Jan. 22, 1771.

TO BE LETT,

Warehouſe No. 17, on the Long-Wharff. Enquire of JOHN WALDO, Eſq;

TO BE LETT,

A convenient ſmall Brick Tenement, near Faneuil-Hall Market. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

To be Sold for Want of Employ,

A Strong hearty Negro Fellow, about 25 Years old, he underſtands all Sorts of Farming Buſineſs, and is either fit for Town or Country. For further Particulars, inquire of the Printers.

David Burnett,

IS removed from New-Boſton into Quaker Lane, near the Friend's Meeting—Where he makes Stays in the neweſt Faſhion, at a reaſonable Rate.

Whereas the Great and General Court at their Seſſion in June 12th, 1767, granted a Tax of One Penny per Acre for one Year to be laid on the Lands in the Diſtrict of *Hubbardſton*, in the County of *Worceſter*: and whereas the Owners of the following original Numbers have neglected to pay ſaid (Lots)

	No.	Acres.	Pay due. £.	s.	d.
Great Farms	2	48	0	4	0d.
	3	240	1	0	0
	4	95	0	7	11
	16	275	1	0	11
Great Farm	19	454	1	17	10
	21	120	0	10	0
	23	420	1	15	0
	31	60	0	5	10
	33	476	1	19	8
House Lots.	3	25	0	2	1
	20	100	0	8	4
	48	100	0	8	4
	54	50	0	4	2
	53	8	0	0	8
	62	100	0	8	4
	64	100	0	8	4
Letter Lots.	O	90	0	7	6
	G	11 64 Rod	0	0	11

NOTICE is hereby given to the Owners of the aboveſaid Lots, that unleſs they pay the aboveſaid Taxes to the Subſcribers, with the neceſſary Charges ariſing thereon, that ſuch Part of the ſaid Lots will be Sold at a Public Vendue at the Houſe of *William Marean*, Innholder in ſaid Diſtrict on Tueſday the 30th Day of July next, and ſo from Day to Day till the whole is ſold, as will pay the Taxes and other neceſſary and intervening Charges: Said Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock Forenoon.

Hubbardſton, March 25, 1771. — *William Marean, Adam Wheeler* } Committeemen of *Hubbardſton*.

WHEREAS at a Meeting of the proprietors of the diſtrict of Lenox, in the county of Berkſhire, (legally warned) holden on the 12th day of July 1769, they voted a tax of *eleven ſhillings and one penny* on each hundred acres of land in ſaid diſtrict (public lots excepted.) And whereas the proprietors or owners of the lots following, viz. No. 5, 6, 12, & 29, containing one hundred acres each, all in the firſt diviſion of lands in ſaid Lenox, and the lots No. 2, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, 14, 25, 38 & 39, in the ſecond diviſion of lands in ſaid Lenox, are delinquent, and have not paid the tax aforeſaid aſſeſſed on them. And whereas ſaid proprietors at their other meeting warned as aforeſaid, holden on the 26th day of the ſame July, voted a tax of *twenty ſhillings* on each hundred acres of land aforeſaid; and the proprietors or owners of the lots abovenamed, have not paid the tax laſt above-mentioned: Which ſaid taxes have been granted to bring forward the ſettlement of ſaid diſtrict, agreeable to the orders of the Great and General Court. Theſe are therefore to notify the proprietors of the lots ſo delinquent, that their lots or ſuch part thereof as ſhall be ſufficient to pay ſaid taxes, (together with all charges in and about the ſame) will be ſold at public vendue, at the dwelling-houſe of Elias Willard, innholder in Lenox, on Tueſday the 30th day of July next, at Ten o'clock forenoon, and ſo from day to day until the whole be be ſold, (unleſs ſaid taxes and charges be paid to the ſaid Elias Willard, treaſurer of ſaid proprietors) for the purpoſe aforeſaid.

Dated at Lenox, March 17th, 1771. — Sam. Brown, jun. Elias Willard, Stephen Merwin, } Aſſeſſors.

Boſton. Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street.* 1771.